

Area of study	Autumn Term Skills	Spring Term Skills	Summer Term Skills
Reading Applying Phonics	I know that phonics is one strategy to help me read unfamiliar words.	I use suffixes to read unfamiliar words.	I know that unfamiliar words can be read by using knowledge of similar words (analogy).
pp.,g		I apply knowledge of root words, to read aloud and	
	I know when phonic strategies will help me to read a word and when they will not.	to understand the meaning of unfamiliar words.	I know what prefixes are.
		I know that some words may have a similar	I understand how prefixes and suffixes can
	I know what a root word is.	pronunciation but may be written differently (homophones).	change the meaning of a word.
	I understand how to use a root word to help me		I use prefixes and suffixes to understand the
	read unfamiliar words.	I know that some homophones are written with unusual graphemes.	meaning of unfamiliar words.
	I use root words to help me read unfamiliar		I use analogy, drawing on the pronunciation of
	words.	I use knowledge of unusual phoneme/grapheme correspondences to help me read unfamiliar words.	similar known words to read others.
	I use root words to help me understand the		I read further exception words, noting the
	meaning of unfamiliar words.		unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in the word.
	I know what suffixes are.		and sound, and where these occur in the word.



<b>Reading</b> Reading for pleasure	I know that there are different kinds of narrative stories.  I understand that a sequence of events in a narrative is called the plot.  I can identify the plot in a narrative.	I understand that narratives can have differently structured plots.  I talk about the different plot structures in genres read.  I know that writers choose words and language to	I recognise the literary language typical of narrative genres read.  I recognise words and language that show the setting of a book – historical, cultural or social.  I explain why a writer makes choices about
	I use a dictionary to check or find the meaning of new words.  I know that there are different kinds of non-	I find effective words and language in reading that writers have used to create effects.	words and language used.  I discuss meaning of specific or unusual words used by authors to create effects.
	fiction books.  I know that non-fiction books are structured in	I discuss a range of narrative stories and their similarities and differences.	I explain why a writer has chosen specific words and language.
	different ways. I know how to use a non-fiction book to find	I choose books for specific purposes.  I discuss the meaning of unfamiliar words identified.	I record words and language from reading to use in my own writing.
	identified information.  I identify any words that are unfamiliar.		I make connections between books written by the same author.
			I re-tell some stories written by the same author by heart.
<b>Reading</b> <i>Poetry</i>	I know that there are different forms of poetry.  I can recognise some different forms of poetry e.g. free verse, narrative poetry.	I recognise and name different types of poems which have been introduced.  I know that words and language in poems create	I watch performances of poems.  I understand that the meaning of poems can be enhanced through performance.
		effects.  I can discuss the meaning of words and language in	I discuss how the meaning is enhanced through performance.
		I understand that there can be more than one interpretation of a poem.	I identify that intonation, tone, volume and action can be used to enhance meaning.
			I prepare poems to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.



#### **English Long Term Planning – Year 3**

Reading		
Accuracy Fluency		
& Understanding		

I check understanding in any book or text that I read.

I ask questions to ensure understanding of a text.

I know that there will be unfamiliar words in a text.

I know that texts have a main idea.

I identify the main idea of a text.

I know that the organisation and layout of a book helps me to understand it.

I know how to find key words or information in a non-fiction text.

I ask questions to deepen understanding of a text.

I use the context of unfamiliar words to explain their meaning.

I give a personal response to a text.

I use evidence from the text to support my response.

I use clues from the text to predict what might happen next.

I know that the main idea in a narrative may also have a message for the reader.

I know that the message in a book is called the theme.

I recognise that books may have similar themes.

I understand that the organisation and layout may be different according to the purpose of the book.

I record key words or information found in a non-fiction text.

I check the meaning of any unfamiliar words through questioning, discussion or use of dictionaries.

I explain my personal response.

I listen to others' personal responses to a text.

I adapt own response in the light of others' responses.

I know that characters' actions can tell the reader about their thoughts, feelings and motives.

I infer characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions.

I give reasons for predicting what might happen next.

I identify the organisation and layout in books.

I explain how the organisation and layout helps me to understand it.



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<b>Writing</b> Handwriting	I increase the legibility, consistency and quality of my handwriting.	I use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters.	I understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left un-joined.
<b>Writing</b> Composition	I write a non-narrative using simple, organisational devices such as headings and sub-headings.  In narrative writing, I develop resolutions and endings.  I plan my writing by discussing and recording ideas e.g. timeline, flowchart, spider diagram, jottings.  I suggest improvement to my writing through self-assessment.	I look at and discuss different models of writing, taking account of purpose and audience.  I write a narrative with a clear structure, setting, characters and plot.  I suggest improvement to my writing through assessing the writing with peers.  I make improvements by proposing changes to grammar and vocabulary to improve consistency. (The accurate use of pronouns in sentences/ tenses).	I identify structural and grammatical features and use of vocabulary for effect in texts.  I compose sentences using a wider range of structures linked to the grammar objectives e.g. tenses – including present perfect/subordinate clauses/ co-ordinating conjunctions.  I begin to organise paragraphs around a theme. (Supported by planning then moving to independence).  I write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that include words and punctuation taught so far.
<b>Writing</b> Spelling	I use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary.	I spell correctly word families based on common words (solve, solution, solver).  I identify the root word in longer words.  I recognise and spell additional homophones (he'll/heel/heal).  I spell some identified commonly misspelt words from the Year 3 and 4-word list.	I spell words with additional prefixes and suffixes and understand how to add them to root words (e.g. from nouns using super, anti, auto).  I make comparisons from a word already known to apply to an unfamiliar word.  I place the possessive apostrophe accurately in words with regular plurals and in words with irregular plurals.
<b>Writing</b> Punctuation	I use commas to sometimes mark clauses and phrases.	I begin to use inverted commas for some direct speech punctuation.	I use apostrophes for possession with increasing accuracy, including plural possession.

Commas to mark clauses and phrases.  Inverted commas.  Apostrophes including plural possession.			
Writing Vocabulary and Grammar  New terminology: preposition conjunction word family prefix clause subordinate clause direct speech consonant consonant letter vowel	I use a range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions in my writing. (when, if, because, although)  I recognise and use determiners 'a', 'an' and 'the' appropriately (e.g. an apple; a house; the yellow car)  Detail is added by the expansion of noun phrases before the noun.	I understand the purpose of adverbs.  I use adverbs effectively in my writing.  I use conjunctions, adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause (e.g. the next thing, next, soon, so, before, after, during, in, because of).	I use the perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past.  Word choices are adventurous and carefully selected to add detail and to engage the reader.  Detail is added by the expansion of noun phrases before and after the noun and with the use of adverbials.  I can begin to refine my vocabulary and grammar choices to ensure they are appropriate for the audience and purpose.



vowel letter inverted commas		



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Speaking and Listening	I take a full part in paired and group discussions.  I am beginning to show that I know when Standard English is required and use it.	I retell a story using narrative language and add relevant detail.  I present ideas or information to an audience. I perform poems from memory adapting expression	I vary the amount of detail and choice of vocabulary, depending on the purpose and the audience. I recognise that meaning can be expressed in different ways, depending on the context.
	I show that I have listened carefully because I make relevant comments.	and tone as appropriate.	I sequence and communicate ideas in an organised and logical way, always using complete sentences.